

CIVILIAN SECRETARIAT FOR POLICE SERVICE



OFFICIAL SIGN-OFF

It is hereby certified that this Annual Performance Plan:

- Was developed under the guidance of the Secretary for Police Service in accordance with the direction of the Honourable NPT Nhleko
- Takes into account all the relevant policies, legislation and other mandates for which the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service is responsible.
- Accurately reflects the strategic goals and objectives which the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service will endeavour to achieve over the period 2017/18

-	MI	-	0000
		KO]	oana

Chief Financial Officer

Signature

W Basson

Director Strategic Planning

Signature:

AP Rapea

Secretary for Police Service: Deputy Director General

Signature:

Approved by:

Honourable NPT Nhleko

Executive Authority

Signature:

101	REWORD	4
PAR	RT A: STRATEGIC OVERVIEW	7
<u>l.</u>	List of Abbreviations/Acronyms	7
2.	Vision	7
3.	Mission	7
4.	Values	8
5.	Situational analysis	8
	5.1 Performance delivery environment	8
	5.2 Organisational environment	10
6.	Revisions to legislative and other mandates	- 11
7.	Overview of 2017/18 budget and MTEF estimates	12
	7.1 Expenditure estimates	12
	7.2 Relating expenditure trends to strategic outcome oriented goals	14
PAR	RT B: PROGRAMME AND SUB-PROGRAMME PLANS	16
Prog	gramme 1: Administration	16
Sub-l	Programme 1.1: Department Management	16
Sub-l	Programme 1.2: Corporate Services	17
Sub-	Programme 1.3: Finance Administration	18
Prog	gramme 2. Intersectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	22
Sub-l	Programme 2.1: Intergovernmental, Civil Society and Public-Private Partnerships	22
Sub F	Programme 2.2: Community Outreach	23
Prog	gramme 3: Legislation and Policy Development	27
Sub F	Programme 3.1: Policy Development and Research	27
Sub-l	Programme: 3.2 Legislation and Legal Services	28
Prog	gramme 4: Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	31
Sub-l	Programme 4.1: Police Performance, Conduct and Compliance Monitoring	31
Sub-l	Programme 4.2: Policy and Programme Evaluations	33
PAR	rt c: links to other plans	38
I	Links to the long-term infrastructure and other capital plans	38
2	Conditional grants	38
3	Public entities	38
4	Public-private partnerships	38



FOREWORD

Foreword

During the previous financial year, key policing policies were approved by Cabinet which will have a huge impact on the policing environment within our country. For instance, the White Paper on Policing will be key in the transformation and professionalisation of policing in the country. The White Paper proposes structural changes that will accelerate the modernisation of the South African Police Service (SAPS), which would positively impact on service delivery of local, provincial and national law enforcement agencies.





Deputy Minister of Police

he policy framework around a Single Police Service planned for this financial year will contribute to streamlining norms and standards in terms of training, discipline, command and control to improve relations between the Municipal Police Service and the SAPS. In addition, a policy framework on the establishment of a National Policing Board to improve the professionalisation of the SAPS, as envisaged in the National Development Plan (NDP), will be developed during this financial year. Furthermore, a policy framework on Community Police Fora (CPFs) will be drafted to maximise community participation in crime prevention activities, and the building of improved relations between the police and communities.

In the legislative environment, four Bills will be introduced to Parliament for the 2017/18 financial year, namely the Critical Infrastructure Protection Bill, Animal Movement and Animal Produce Bill, Independent Police Investigative Directorate Amendment Bill and the Firearms Control Amendment Bill. Considering the unacceptably high levels of firearms-related crime in our country, the Firearms Control Amendment Bill will strengthen the current regulatory framework for firearms control and improve the legal framework for applications for firearm licences, as well as the tracking and tracing of firearms. Most illegal firearms were once legal, but poor control caused these firearms to fall into the wrong hands. The poor monitoring and tracking of such weapons has further contributed to the proliferation of illegal firearms, which has resulted in the death of many innocent victims in our communities. Our communities are in no position to defend themselves against these armed perpetrators who are committing the most violent crimes in our country. It remains our duty to defend our people against such atrocious anti-social acts of violence.

The building of safer communities remains high on the agenda of the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service (CSPS) and as a result, community participation in crime prevention campaigns will be supplemented by training and capacity building sessions for CPFs and Community Safety Forums (CSFs) structures. In empowering communities to cooperate with the SAPS, and in developing community members as agents of change, the fear of crime will be decreased. Communities not involved

with crime prevention activities depend on perceptions, whereas those who are engaging with formal law enforcement agencies have a much more realistic view of the safety in their communities.

The establishment of CSFs is a critical area that requires the CSPS to conduct a diagnostic assessment of the snail's pace at which these structures are established and sustained. Cooperation and coordination between civil society and government departments in the Justice Crime Prevention and Security Cluster would ensure that civilian oversight and crime prevention are driven at the very beginning of service delivery. Safer communities would be possible only if cooperation and good community-police relations exist at local level. Poor relations between communities and law enforcement agencies will be exploited by criminals to attack and destroy the social cohesion needed to live in peace and harmony, free from the fear of crime. Crime statistics have shown that home burglary remains a big concern. This scourge will be eliminated only when law-abiding citizens join hands with their local police station and support crime prevention initiatives within their own communities.

Oversight remains the core business of the CSPS, and its programmes correctly reflect the legislative mandate of the department to monitor the performance and conduct of the police service. The monitoring of the implementation of the Domestic Violence Act will continue to contribute to improving the response by the SAPS in dealing with gender-based violence. Gender-based violence is a scourge in our society that will always need special attention, as this type of violent crime is home based, perpetrated by a person/s known to the victim, and difficult to detect, if not reported by the victim.

The Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation Programme, which is mainly responsible for oversight, has been stabilised during the last few months with the appointment of a permanent business unit head. It is expected that the quality and standard of oversight reports will be improved in the 2017/18 financial year. In addition, cooperation and sharing information between SAPS and the Civilian Secretariat should be strengthened now that the leadership vacuum has been filled.

Last, but not least, the Auditor-General of SA (AGSA) reported that the non-achievements of departmental targets was as a direct result of the instability in the leadership within the CSPS. This weakness was, however, remedied with the permanent appointments of both the Secretary for Police Service and the Chief Financial Officer. These two critical previously vacant positions are now occupied and the expectation is that the 2017/18 financial year will focus on achieving most of its performance targets as envisaged in this Annual Performance Plan.



Considering the unacceptably high levels of firearmsrelated crime in our country, the Firearms Control Amendment Bill will strengthen the current regulatory framework for firearms control and improve the legal framework for applications for firearm licences, as well as the tracking and tracing of firearms.

NPT Nhleko

Minister of Police
Date: 9th March 2017



MM Sotyu

Deputy Minister of Police Date: 9th March 2017





STRATEGIC OVERVIEW

PART A STRATEGIC OVERVIEW

I. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

AGSA	Auditor-General of SA
AR	Annual Report
CPF	Community Policing Forum
CSF	Community Safety Forum
COM&E	Civilian Oversight Monitoring & Evaluation
CSPS	Civilian Secretariat for Police Service
DVAT	Domestic Violence Act Tool
HoDs	Heads of Department
ICSP	Intersectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
IJS	Integrated Justice System
IPID	Independent Police Investigative Directorate
JCPS	Justice, Crime Prevention and Safety Cluster
MERs	Monthly Expenditure Reports
MPS	Municipal Police Service
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
MTEF	Medium-Term Expenditure Framework
MTSF	Medium-Term Strategic Framework
NDP	National Development Plan
NMRT	National Monitoring Recommendation Tool
NMT	National Monitoring Tool
PFMA	Public Finance Management Act
QPR	Quarterly Performance Report
SALGA	South African Local Government Association
SAPS	South African Police Service
SASSETA	Safety and Security Sector Education and Training Authority
SGB	School Governing Body
SSC	School Safety Committee
VISPOL	(SAPS Division) Visible Policing

2. VISION

A transformed and accountable Police Service that reflects the values of our developmental State.

3. MISSION

To provide an efficient and effective civilian oversight over the South African Police Service and enhance the role of the Minister of Police.

4. VALUES

The Civilian Secretariat for Police Service subscribes to the following set of values:	
Honesty	
Integrity	
Transparency	
Commitment	
Respect	

Fairness

Accountability

5. SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

5.1 Performance delivery environment

In the two decades since the transition to democracy and the establishment of a democratic police service, South Africa continues to experience alarmingly high rates of crime, particularly violent crime. This is evident for instance by successive increases in the contact crime especially murder, with a year-on-year comparison highlighting a 4.9% increase for the 2015/16 financial year. Violence against vulnerable and marginalised groups remains stubbornly high, compromising the ability of these individuals to play an active role in their communities and society at large. SAPS must ensure that barriers to reporting cases of rape, sexual abuse and domestic violence are sufficiently addressed to encourage reporting and minimise secondary victimisation. Seemingly intractable challenges such as gangsterism, drug and alcohol abuse — underpinned by increasingly sophisticated and violent organised criminal enterprises — have resulted in our communities being mired in a cycle of violence and trauma.

Despite these challenges, SAPS has made significant strides in dealing with serious and violent crime. This includes continued emphasis aimed at reducing the number of illegal firearms through focused operations, and more stringent application of the implementation of the legislative framework for firearms management and control. The 2015 study on Firearms Control and Management in South Africa recognises the need for a multi-pronged approach in dealing with the demand for and management of firearms, and advocates educational programmes and campaigns to educate and sensitise the public about the Firearms Control Act and other means available for self-defence. Inherent to addressing the challenges is the need for ongoing research on the issue of crime and violence to identify the root causes and find solutions as well as a concise strategy to tackle crime and violence and the restructuring of the Central Firearms Registry. The Firearms Control Act is in the process of being amended to incorporate the findings of the study.

It is, however, accepted that building safe and resilient communities requires a broader focus that extends beyond the purview of the police. This requires addressing risk factors at all levels of society through deliberate cooperation and collaboration among state and non-state actors. Added emphasis must be placed on developing the necessary synergy in terms of planning and implementation of interventions targeted at undercutting the root causes of crime and violence. These initiatives must be supported by a professional police service that is well-resourced and highly skilled – able to respond to the changing safety needs and challenges of a growing democracy.

The 2016 White Paper on Policing and 2016 White Paper on Safety and Security provide the appropriate policy frameworks for achieving these goals. The White Paper on Policing provides a focused emphasis into areas of responsibility of SAPS, which deals with a professional, modern and demilitarised police service, that is community-centred, accountable and human-rights based. Moreover, it highlights the importance of regular, independent civilian oversight of the police to foster openness, transparency and accountability. The regular scrutiny of police conduct and performance is a cornerstone of democratic policing, and thus every effort should be made to strengthen the role of the Civilian Secretariat in holding the police service accountable. The White Paper thus provides a framework for the repositioning of the CSPS to become the Department of Police. The implementation of this framework will see a significantly transformed organisation that plays a more central role in ensuring oversight of the police, while providing the Minister of Police with strategic policy and legislative advice and support.

The premise of the White Paper on Safety and Security is that deliberate cooperation and collaboration between departments will enhance policy coherence, providing the basis for building safe and resilient communities through embedding systems and processes that will advance the goal of ensuring the safety of all as the basis for 'human development, improved quality of life and enhanced productivity'. The roles and responsibilities of all key role-players are clarified to ensure that departments assume responsibility for safety within their area(s) of competence. The White Paper also draws on the NDP by advocating for the development of an active citizenry to support the co-creation of solutions from the ground up.

More recent incidents of police brutality, violent public protests, and the events that unfolded at Marikana have further tested the role and competency of SAPS in many respects. The establishment of the Panel of Experts arising from the recommendation of the Farlam Commission of Inquiry to deal with challenges in public order policing will ensure a sharper, more effective public order component. The broader transformation vision of the Minister of Police for SAPS will address other wider aspects of policing in areas of leadership and management, police corruption, employee health and wellness and police safety, among others.

The CSPS is critical to framing the subsequent obligations arising out of the Panel of Experts and the Transformation Task Team for the medium- to long-term - in the implementation of and oversight of the recommendations. Key to this will be the incorporation of the Ministers Programme Management Office within the structure of the CSPS, which will ensure objectivity in the content, and accountability in implementation of recommendations.

Another essential and new area of focus for the CSPS over the medium- to long-term is its oversight role relating to the process towards the creation of the Single Police Service or the uniform policing system for the country. This entails developing closer working relationships between SAPS and the various Municipal Police Service (MPS) departments.

The CSPS is further constrained by the following key issues:

- Its recommendations on oversight reports and policies are often delayed or not acknowledged by SAPS;
- Access to data for monitoring and research purposes within SAPS is an ongoing challenge;
- Financial and personnel constraints are a major challenge for some of the Provincial Secretariats in fulfilling their legislative functions and aligning their work to the CSPS;
- The management of intergovernmental relations and different reporting lines between the provincial secretariats and the CSPS;
- Inadequate capacity and skills at both provincial and national level hampers effective functioning of the departments.

5.2 Organisational environment

Since the promulgation of the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act in 2011, there has been measured progress in entrenching the institutional outcomes of the department. As of April 2014, the CSPS became a department with its own designated budget and no longer operates as a cost centre under SAPS. This requires the CSPS to reprioritise and align its programmes, organisational structure, budget and focus areas to respond to the challenges and opportunities in order to deliver effective services, as well as to ensure the sustainability of the institution.

Emanating from the White Paper priorities, the CSPS has identified focus areas that will inform the functions and strategic direction of the department over the short-, medium- and long-term.

The CSPS is critical to supporting the Minister of Police in the execution of his political responsibilities in relation to the transformation of the SAPS. The Civilian Secretariat is responsible for providing policy advice through research, monitoring, evaluation and strategy. The Civilian Secretariat conducts proactive and reactive oversight over the SAPS adopting a two-pronged approach - proactively in the transformation of the SAPS, and reactively in an advisory capacity to the Minister through evidence-based research measures and proposals to enable the Minister to direct the SAPS.

The functions of the CSPS in terms of the Act are to advise the Minister, provide strategic research, policy and legislation to the Minister; deepen public participation, and enhance accountability and effect transformation of SAPS through effective monitoring and evaluation. The White Paper on Policing also gives effect to the following additional areas for the department:

- Policy and Strategy, which comprises the development of a strategy for monitoring the entities of the Minister of Police, as well as strategic forecasting and envisioning for the Ministry;
- Knowledge Management, which incorporates proper packaging and management of knowledge generated by the
 entities of the Minister, including external organisations working in the field of crime and safety, and the production of
 publications;
- The oversight role of the CSPS expands on the existing role of the Civilian Oversight Monitoring and Evaluation (COM&E) unit, including contract management, financial and institutional analysis, among others, which will require the department to enhance its skills and capacity;
- Government services, which will include administrative support to the Minister in relation to Cabinet and Parliament, responsibilities and international obligations;
- Integrated Justice System (IJS) and the provision of smart policing for more effective policing strategies, and which will include the incorporation of the Project Management Office of the Minister's Transformation process.
- Litigation oversight will include doing oversight over all litigation against the Minister which is processed by SAPS.
- International obligations by the Minister to influence International developments and multi-lateral agreements.

To ensure the CSPS is able to conduct its job effectively, the following focus areas will be prioritised for the years 2017/18 to 2020/21 period:

- Repositioning of the CSPS as the new Department of Police, which will require a new organisational structure;
- Organisational renewal and strategic leadership and the enforcement of the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act;
- Repositioning the CSPS as the primary policy advisor to the Minister;
- Strengthen the capacity of the CSPS to influence international developments for the Ministry of Police;
- Facilitate the creation of a smart or e-policing environment;
- Strengthening the Heads of Departments (HoDs) Forum and Senior Management Forum in order to monitor progress of the department's oversight functions;

- The establishment of self-directed project teams in order to give effect to the implementation of the plans;
- Development of a coherent Partnership, Marketing and Communication Strategy to strengthen engagements with key stakeholders and galvanise communities on crime prevention initiatives;
- Establishment of a Knowledge Information Management System as a nerve centre to drive the policy and strategic mandate of the department;
- Building a strong Information Communication Technology (ICT) infrastructure for the department; and
- Development of an integrated human resource strategy.

6. REVISIONS TO LEGISLATIVE AND OTHER MANDATES

The following court rulings have an impact on the operations of the CSPS:

- McBride v Minister of Police and Another (2016) ZACC30; the Constitutional Court confirmed the High Court judgment, which said that the Minister does not have the power to suspend the Executive Director of the Independent Police Investigative Directorate (IPID) or to institute disciplinary proceedings against him or her.
- Okah v S (19/2014)[2016] ZASCA 155; the Supreme Court of Appeal looked at and upheld certain issues as they related to the interpretation and application of s15 of the Protection of Constitutional Democracy Against Terrorist and Related Activities Act 33 of 2004 insofar as it relates to extra-territorial jurisdiction and some exclusions from the definition on terrorism.
- Minister of Police v Premier of Western Cape in the Khayelitsha matter that states that sections 208 and 206 of the Constitution should not be unduly conflated.



OVERVIEW OF 2017/18 BUDGET AND MEDIUM TERM EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK (MTEF) ESTIMATES **~**

7.1 Expenditure estimates

1. Civilian Secretariat for Police Service							
	Aud	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	Medium-term expenditure estimate	nditure
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Administration	76 806	31 163	40 960	42 898	48 051	21 696	55 394
2 Intersectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	10 450	23 735	26 569	22 208	24 918	27 022	28 913
3 Legislation and Policy Development	11 563	13 195	24 349	24 430	28 114	30 218	32 310
4 Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation	12 159	14 302	20 014	21 056	23 590	25 648	27 454
TOTAL	826 09	82 395	111 892	110 592	124 673	134 584	144 071
Direct charges against the National Revenue Fund	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Total	826 09	82 395	111 892	110 592	124 673	134 584	144 071
Change to 2016/17 budget estimate	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Economic classification	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Current payments	58 869	82 075	110 201	108 855	122 973	132 780	142 164
Compensation of employees	42 929	60 920	65 294	79 444	88 815	97 452	104 859
Goods and services	15 940	21 155	45 206	29 411	34 158	35 328	37 305
of which:	I	I	1	I	ı	I	I
Administrative fees	ı	86	12	93	601	122	55
Advertising	982	2 452	3 571	1 164	383	399	420
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	350	216	456	1 825	2 790	2 890	3 1 2 5
Audit costs: External	1	I	1 967	936	763	845	852
Bursaries: Employees	ı	239	287	215	316	358	407
Catering: Departmental activities	3 052	2 403	1491	2 709	3 082	3 238	3 4 1 9
Communication (G&S)	984	1381	1 740	2 2 1 2	2 453	2616	2 762
Computer services	1 219	ı	9 0 1 4	4513	6 393	6 206	6 553
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	342	793	1 878	1 148	096	086	1 035
Consultants and professional services: Infrastructure and planning	I	ı	1	1	ı	I	ı
Consultants and professional services: Legal costs	~	1	ı	09	66	105	

I. CIVIII SECTEDATION FOILCE SELVICE							
	Aud	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	Medium-term expenditure estimate	enditure
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Contractors	221	84	641	1 049	1 145	1 202	1 273
Fleet services (including government motor transport)	1	1	124	112	8	125	132
Inventory: Clothing material and accessories	1	5	ı	12	1	1	1
Inventory: Food and food supplies	27	27	22	136	1	1	1
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas	155	202	21	25	26	27	28
Inventory: Materials and supplies	74	53	1	137	36	1	1
Inventory: Medical supplies	1	I	1	1	1	ı	ı
Inventory: Other supplies	133	I	1	1	1	ı	ı
Consumable supplies	1	45	94	282	329	277	292
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	696	733	1 364	916	1 002	1 055	1 4 1
Operating leases	476	105	989	235	_	_	_
Transport provided: Departmental activity	1	288	637	1	1	1	1
Travel and subsistence	6 114	8 072	15 651	10001	12 158	12 724	13 428
Training and development	392	335	1 461	260	209	716	759
Operating payments	447	290	836	716	737	753	812
Venues and facilities	1	2 938	3 253	285	159	689	727
Transfers and subsidies	m	N	5	206	011	120	129
Provinces: Vehicle licence	Υ	5	5	7	9	9	9
Safety and Security Sector Education and Training Authority (SASSETA)	1	I	1	93	104	4	123
Households	1	I	1	901	ı	ı	ı
Purchase capital assets	2 106	315	1 386	1 531	1 590	1 684	1 778
Machinery and equipment incl vehicles	2 106	315	1 386	1531	1 590	1 684	1 778
TOTAL	826 09	82 395	111 892	110 592	124 673	134 584	144 071

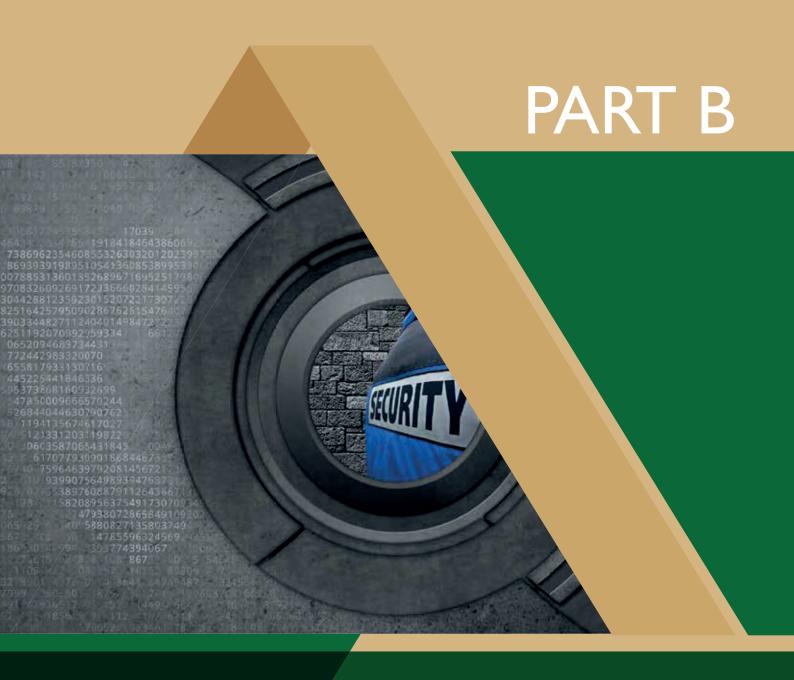
7.2 Relating expenditure trends to strategic outcome oriented goals

Departmental spending has increased gradually over the years, from R60,9 million in 2013/14 to R111,9 million in 2015/16. In the 2016/17 financial year, it is foreseen that the CSPS would spend around 92% of its budget, which will be an amount of R102 million. This can be mainly attributed to the delay in the approval of additional posts and the resultant backlog in filling of these positions. The budgeted expenditure estimate of the department increases with an average of 9% over the medium term. This is mainly to provide for the expansion of the departmental staff establishment in an effort to not only fully implement the mandate of the department in terms of the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act, 2011 (Act No. 2 of 2011), but also address the potential impact that the White Paper on Policing will have on the CSPS.

The increased budget for compensation of employees would contribute towards the increased effort of the department to fulfil its mandate in relation to governmental priorities. The NDP and the 2014-2019 Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) outline government's strategic priorities for tackling the fundamental causes of crime. They state that crime prevention and detection should be done through an integrated approach between state and non-state institutions, with active involvement from civil society. In support of this, the CSPS's medium-term strategic focus is to enhance stakeholder and community participation in safety and crime prevention. To further improve the effectiveness of policing in South Africa, the CSPS will focus on developing policies and legislation for the police service, and on regular monitoring and evaluation of its performance. In support of this, the department keeps on striving towards delivering on its mandate within the limited resources available.







PROGRAMME AND SUB-PROGRAMME PLANS

PART B PROGRAMME AND SUB-PROGRAMME PLANS

PROGRAMME I:ADMINISTRATION

Programme Purpose: Provide strategic leadership, management and support services to the department.

Strategic Objective: To enhance corporate governance in ensuring that the CSPS achieves its mandate

Sub-programme I.I: Department Management

Sub-programme Purpose: Provide administrative management support to the Secretary for Police Service and strategic support to the Minister of Police

Sub-Programme performance indicators

Strateg	Strategic Objective: To provide strategic leadership, and	Audited/	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medit	Medium-term targets	rgets
overall	overall management of the department	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1.1.1	Number of joint consultative IPID/Secretariat forum meetings held per year in compliance with the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act, 2011	1	ı	4	4	4	4	4
1.1.2	Number of quarterly performance reports against predetermined objectives submitted within 30 days after end of the quarter	1	1	4	4	4	4	4

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for sub-programme performance indicators

Sub-pr	Sub-programme performance indicators	Reporting	Annual target	Means of		Quarterly	Quarterly targets	
		period	2017/18	verification	lst	2nd	3rd	4th
=	Number of joint consultative IPID/Secretariat forum meetings held per year in compliance with the Civilian Secretariat for Police Service Act, 2011	Quarterly	4	Attendance register, minutes	_	_	_	_
1.1.2	Number of quarterly performance reports against predetermined objectives submitted within 30 days of end of the quarter	Quarterly	4	Quarterly reports	_	-	_	_

Sub-programme 1.2: Corporate Services

Sub-programme Purpose: To provide reliable and efficient corporate services to the CSPS

Sub-programme performance indicators

Strateg sufficient	Strategic Objective: To provide effective and sufficient corporate services to the CSPS to enable	Audited	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated Derformance	Medi	Medium-term targets	gets
commur resource	the acmevements of its oversignt mandate inrougn communication, information technology, human resources and auxiliary services	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1.2.1	Number of Workplace Skills Plans approved by the Secretary for Police Service	_	_	_	ı	_	_	_
1.2.2	Reduced vacancy rate to 10% of the total post establishment	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	10% of total post establishment	10% of total post establishment	10% of total post establishment
1.2.3	An approved corporate governance of ICT framework	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	_	Review	_

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for sub-programme performance indicators

4		Reporting	Annual target	Means of		Quarterly	Quarterly targets	
d-ans	sub-programme periormance indicators	period	2017/18	verification	lst	2nd	3rd	4th
1.2.1	Number of Workplace Skills Plans approved by the Secretary for Police Service	Annually	_	WSP approved by the Secretary	1	_	1	ı
1.2.2	Reduced vacancy rate to 10% of the total post establishment	Annually	10% of total post establishment	Persal/Vulindlela report	70%	15%	12%	%01
1.2.3	An approved corporate governance of ICT framework	Annually	_	Policy framework approved by the Secretary	,	_	1	1

Sub-programme 1.3: Finance Administration

Sub-programme Purpose: Provide Public Finance Management Act (PFMA)-compliant financial, accounting and supply chain services to the CSPS

Sub-programme performance indicators

Strateg	Strategic Objective: To ensure sound corporate	Audited,	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medi	Medium-term targets	rgets
governanc manageme legislation	governance, provide supply chain and financial management services in line with financial management legislation	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1.3.1	Percentage of payments made to creditors within 30 days	1	1	%001	100%	95%	%86	%001
1.3.2	Percentage of Internal Audit recommendations implemented	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	100%	%00I	%001	%001
1.3.3	Percentage of external audit recommendations implemented	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	%001	%00I	%001	%001
1.3.4	Percentage of expenditure in relation to Budget allocated	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	90%	95%	%86	%001

Quarterly targets for 2017/18 Quarterly targets for sub-programme performance indicators

%00 %00 I 95% 95% 4th **Quarterly Targets** 94% 75% %06 %06 3rd 93% 80% 20% 2nd 80% 92% 20% %09 %09 St rerification **Means of** Creditors Reports Reports Reports report Annual target 2017/18 %00 I %00 I 95% 95% Reporting Quarterly period Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Percentage expenditure in relation to Budget allocated Percentage of payments made to creditors within 30 Percentage of external audit recommendations Percentage of Internal Audit recommendations Sub-programme performance indicators implemented implemented days 1.3.3 1.3.4 1.3.1 1.3.2

Reconciling performance targets with the Budget and MTEF

2. Administration							
Programme	Aud	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium-ter	Medium-term expenditure estimate	re estimate
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Department Management	8 142	9 174	11 725	8 387	9 277	10 007	10 790
Corporate Services	098 6	8 801	10 241	13 481	14 965	16 343	17 545
Finance Administration	8 804	10 468	15 674	808 91	19 505	20 585	22 013
Office Accommodation	1	ı	I	_	_	_	_
Internal Audit	1	2 720	3 320	4 221	4 303	4 700	5 045
TOTAL	26 806	31 163	40 960	42 898	48 051	51 696	55 394
Change to 2016/17 budget estimate							
Economic classification	•	•	•	•	1	•	1
Current payments	24 975	30 978	40 400	42 112	47 266	50 862	54 511
Compensation of employees	18 624	26 311	27 478	33 332	37 263	40 889	43 997
Goods and services	6 351	4 667	12 921	8 780	10 003	9 973	10 514
of which:	1	ı	1	1	1	1	ı
Administrative fees	ı	94	12	46	49	52	55
Advertising	789	417	456	145	136	143	150
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	344	011	120	257	361	381	403
Audit costs: External	1	1	696	936	763	845	852
Bursaries: Employees	ı	216	4	155	250	290	335
Catering: Departmental activities	465	70	98	149	156	165	174
Communication (G&S)	672	537	828	269	734	777	820
Computer services	1	1	4 059	2 283	4 034	3 723	3 931
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	55	26	230	564	88	891	178
Consultants and professional services: Infrastructure and planning	I	I	ı	ı	I	I	I
Consultants and professional services: Legal costs	3	1	1	09	66	105	
Contractors	187	39	39	145	158	172	185

2. Administration							
Programme	Aud	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium-ter	Medium-term expenditure estimate	re estimate
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Heet services (including government motor transport)	1	ı	62	112	811	125	132
Inventory: Clothing material and accessories	ı	5	I	12	1	ı	1
Inventory: Food and food supplies	27	24	6	58	1	1	1
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas	155	46	01	25	26	27	28
Inventory: Materials and supplies	74	53	1	31	1	1	1
Inventory: Medical supplies	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Inventory: Other supplies	23	ı	1	1	1	ı	1
Consumable supplies	ı	44	49	171	231	173	8
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	998	328	409	532	260	592	625
Operating leases	476	109	338	235	_	_	
Travel and subsistence	1 476	1 390	3 862	1 088	1 137	1 120	1 158
Training and development	392	259	403	260	209	716	759
Operating payments	347	176	961	349	323	322	356
Venues and facilities	1	332	643	170	72	9/	80
Interest and rent on land	1	ı	_	1	1	ı	1
Transfers and subsidies	m	5	4	127	011	120	129
Provinces: Vehicle licence	8	5	4	9	9	9	9
SASSETA	1	1	1	93	104	4	123
Households	1	1	I	28	1	1	I
Purchase capital assets	I 828	180	556	629	675	714	754
Machinery and equipment incl vehicles	1 828	180	556	629	675	714	754
TOTAL	26 806	31 163	40 960	42 898	48 051	21 696	55 394

PROGRAMME 2: INTERSECTORAL COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

Programme Purpose: To manage and encourage national dialogue on community safety and crime prevention.

Strategic Objective: To contribute towards creating a safe and secure environment through ongoing partnerships with stakeholders.

Sub-programme 2.1: Intergovernmental, Civil Society and Public-Private Partnerships

Sub-programme Purpose: Manage and facilitate intergovernmental, civil society and public partnerships

Strategic Objective: To contribute towards creating a safe and secure environment through partnerships with stakeholders mobilised on crime 24 I Dian Plan			
Strategic Plan target Audited/actual performance target Estimated performance performance performance 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 2017	ırgets	2019/20	7
Strategic Plan target Audited/actual performance target Estimated performance performance performance 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 2017	ım-term ta	2018/19	9
Strategic Plan target Audited/actual performance Flan target Flan 2013/14 Flan 2013/16 Flan 2013/16 ne 24 1 - 2	Medit	2017/18	9
Strategic Plan target Audited/actual performance 2013/14 2014/15	Estimated performance	70.16/17	e
Strategic Plan target 24	ormance	2015/16	2
Strategic Plan target 24	actual perf	2014/15	1
9L	Audited/	2013/14	_
Strategic Objective: To contribute towards creating a safe and secure environment through partnerships with stakeholders Number of stakeholders mobilised on crime prevention programmes	Strategic Plan	9	24
Strateg creating partners	gic Objective: To contribute towards a safe and secure environment through hips with stakeholders		Number of stakeholders mobilised on crime prevention programmes
	Strateg creating		2.

Sub-programme performance-indicator

		Audited/	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medi	Medium-term targets	rgets
Sub-pr	Sub-programme performance indicator	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
2.1.1	Number of memoranda of understanding (MoUs) signed with stakeholders in order to build safer communities	_	ı	_	2	2	2	8
2.1.2	Number of anti-crime campaigns conducted per year	1	ı	_	_	3	3	8
2.1.3	Number of CPF training programmes approved by the Secretary for Police Service	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	_	_	_

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for programme performance indicators

		Reporting	Annual target	Means of		Quarterly targets	/ targets	
ans.	sub-programme periormance mucacors	period	2017/18	verification	lst	2nd	3rd	4th
2.1.1	Number of Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs) signed with stakeholders in order to build safer communities	Quartenly	2	MOU/MOA	1	_	_	ı
2.1.2	Number of anti-crime campaigns conducted per year	Annually	8	Pamphlets, posters, press releases/ statements/ reports	ı	_	_	-
2.1.3	Number of CPF training programmes approved by the Secretary for Police Service	Annually	_	Training Manual	1	_	1	ı

Sub-programme 2.2: Community Outreach

Sub-programme Purpose: Promote, encourage and facilitate community participation in safety programmes

argets	2019/20	46
Medium-term targets	2018/19	46
Medi	2017/18	44
	Estimated performance 2016/17	35
ormance	2015/16	71
Audited/actual performance	2014/15	1
Audited/	2013/14	ı
	Strategic Plan target	88
Strategic Objective: To enhance stakeholder	and community participation in safety and crime prevention programmes through izimbizo, establishment of working groups and CPF functionality	Number of community stakeholders participating in safety and crime prevention programmes
Strates	and commun prevention p establishmen functionality	2.2

Sub-programme performance indicators

		Audited/	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medit	Medium-term targets	rgets
	Sub-programme performance indicators	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
2.2.1	Number of izimbizo/public participation programmes held with communities to promote community safety	1	9	8	9	9	80	∞
2.2.2	Total number of provinces implementing Community Police Forums Guidelines	1	1	6	6	6	6	6
2.2.3	Number of provincial capacity-building sessions held on crime prevention programmes	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	6	6	6
2.2.4	Number of established CSFs	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	20	20	20	20

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for programme performance indicators

	:	Reporting	Annual target	Means of		Quarterly targets	y targets	
sub-programme pertormance indicators	٤	period	2017/18	verification	lst	2nd	3rd	4th
Number of izimbizo/public participation programme held with communities to promote community safety	ote	Quarterly	9	Pamphlets, posters, press releases/ statements/ reports	_	2	2	_
Total number of provinces implementing Community Police Forums Guidelines		Quarterly	6	Report	2	2	2	8
Number of provincial capacity-building sessions held on crime prevention programmes	S	Quarterly	6	Report	2	М	æ	_
Number of established CSFs		Quartenly	20	Provincial reports signed by HODs Community Safety	7.	5	2	5

Reconciling performance targets with the budget and MTEF

3. Intersectoral Coordination and Strategic Partners	rships						
Programme	Auc	Audited outcomes	ıes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	i-term experestimate	penditure e
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Intergovernmental, Civil Society and Public-Private Partnerships	8 305	21 304	23 894	19 737	22 154	24 056	25 748
Community Outreach	2 145	2 431	2 675	2 471	2 764	2 966	3 165
Total	10 450	23 735	26 569	22 208	24 918	27 022	28 913
Change to 2016/17 budget estimate	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı
Economic classification	•	1	•	•	•	•	•
Current payments	10 450	23 735	26 417	21 889	24 632	26 719	28 593
Compensation of employees	929 2	13 626	13 22 1	15 402	17219	18 893	20 329
Goods and services	2 774	601 01	13 196	6 487	7413	7 826	8 264
of which:							
Administrative fees	1	1	1	40	09	70	1
Advertising	1	1831	2 123	162	I	1	1
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	1	78	<u></u>	244	961	200	285
Audit costs: External	1	I	261	1	I	1	ı
Bursaries: Employees	ı	12	38	1	I	1	1
Catering: Departmental activities	1 284	1 584	1 209	1915	2 157	2 280	2 407
Communication (G&S)	62	384	217	200	528	557	588
Computer services	1	ı	816	1	ı	1	1
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	ı	29	1	162	171	18	161
Contractors	1	29	463	162	171	8	161
Fleet services	1	1	91	1	1	1	1
Inventory: Food and food supplies	1	1	2	25	1	1	1
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas	1	_	3	1	1	1	ı
Inventory: Materials and supplies	I	I	1	91	I	I	I
Inventory: Other supplies	12	I	1	1	1	I	I
Consumable supplies	1	1	01	47	26	28	30
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	1	347	292	82	103	601	115
Operating leases	1	1	16	1	1	1	1

3. Intersectoral Coordination and Strategic Partnerships	erships						
Programme	Auc	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	Medium-term expenditure estimate	nditure
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Transport provided: Departmental activities	1	288	637	1	1	1	1
Travel and subsistence	1 368	3 211	4 464	2 291	3 781	3 987	4 211
Training and development	1	1	191	1	ı	1	ı
Operating payments	48	13	661	209	220	233	246
Venues and facilities	1	2 302	1 455	8	ı	1	ı
Transfers and subsidies	1	•	•	47	•	•	•
Provinces: Vehicle licence	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı
SASSETA	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	1
Households	1	1	1	47	ı	1	1
Purchase capital assets	1	1	152	272	286	303	320
Machinery and equipment incl vehicles	I	ı	152	272	286	303	320
TOTAL	10 450	23 735	26 569	22 208	24 918	27 022	28 913

PROGRAMME 3: LEGISLATION AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT

Purpose of Programme: Develop policy and legislation for the police sector and conduct research on policing and crime.

Strategic Objective: Constitutionally compliant legislation, research and evidence-led policies for policing and safety.

Sub-Programme 3.1: Policy Development and Research

Sub-programme Purpose: Develop policies and undertakes research in areas of policing and crime

Strateg	Strategic Objective: To provide evidence-		Audited/	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medit	um-term targets	rgets
based re policing, Police	based research and evidence-led policies on policing, crime and safety to the Minister of Police	Strategic Plan target	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
3.1	Policies on policing	6	1	0	3	_	3	_	_
3.2	Research reports for policing and safety	6	ı	_	_	2	2	2	2

Sub-programme performance indicators

		Audited/	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medit	Medium-term targets	rgets
Sub-pr	Sub-programme performance indicators	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
3.1.1	Number of policies on policing submitted to the Minister of Police for approval per year	ı	0	3	_	3	_	_
3.1.2	Number of research reports on policing approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	ı	_	_	2	2	2	2

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for sub-programme performance indicators

		Reporting	Annual	Means of		Quarterly	Quarterly targets	
-gns	Sub-programme performance indicators	period	targets 2017/18	verification	İst	2nd	3rd	4th
3.1.1.	Number of policies on policing submitted to the Minister of Police for approval per year	Quarterly	٣	Approved/signed off policy	1	_	_	_
3.1.2	Number of research reports on policing approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Quarterly	2	Approved evidence-based research report	1	1	_	_

Sub-programme: 3.2 Legislation

Sub-programme Purpose: Provide legislative support services to the Minister

Strateg	gic Objective: Effective policing	Strategic	Audited/	\udited/actual performanc	ormance	Estimated	Medi	ım-term ta	rgets
legislatid Minister	on and legal advice and support to the	Plan target	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
3.2	Bills drafted	8	ı	ı	1	2	4	_	_

Sub-programme performance indicators

		Audited/	Audited/actual Performance	ormance	Estimated	Mediu	ım-term ta	rgets
Sub-pr	Sub-programme performance indicators	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
3.2.1	Number of Bills submitted to the Minister for approval per year	1	1	0	2	4	_	_

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for programme performance indicators

4:		Reporting	Annual target	Means of		Quarterly targets	r targets	
ad conc	up-programme periormance mucacors	period	2017/18	verification	Ist	2nd	3rd	4th
3.2.1	Number of Bills submitted to the Minister for approval per year	Quarterly	4	Draft Bills	1	2	_	_

Reconciling performance targets with the budget and MTEF

4. Legislation and Policy Development							
Programme	Aud	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	m-term expenditu estimate	nditure
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Policy Development and Research	8 270	7 243	13 447	12 284	14 253	15 371	16 451
Legislation	3 293	5 952	10 902	12 146	13 861	14 847	15 859
Total	11 563	13 195	24 349	24 430	28 114	30 218	32 310
Change to 2015/16 budget estimate	ı	ı	I	1	I	1	1
Economic classification	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Current payments	11 285	13 060	23 965	24 065	27 764	29 847	31 918
Compensation of employees	8 429	10 453	13 056	16 355	18 285	20 062	21 586
Goods and services	2 856	2 607	606 01	7 710	9 479	9 785	10 332
of which:	ı	1	I	1	1	ı	1
Administrative fees	ı	_	I	7	1	I	1
Advertising	193	54	835	215	233	241	254
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	9	21	257	091	1 984	2 047	2 161
Audit costs: External	I	1	353	1	1	I	ı
Bursaries: Employees	ı	=	52	09	99	89	72
Catering: Departmental activities	674	89	154	558	677	869	737
Communication (G&S)	92	242	399	536	619	639	675
Computer services	I	ı	2 304	449	490	909	534
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	287	284	1 648	30	189	195	206
Contractors	34	91	124	742	816	849	897
Reet services (including government)	1	ı	22	ı	I	1	1
Inventory: Food and food supplies	I	3	7	5	I	1	1
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas	I	01	4	ı	ı	I	1
Inventory: Materials and supplies	1	ı	I	Ξ	I	1	1
Inventory: Other supplies	86	1	I	I	1	1	1
Consumable supplies	1	_	20	35	39	41	43
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	94	24	498	211	243	251	265
Operating leases	1	1	123	1	1	1	1

4. Legislation and Policy Development							
Programme	Aud	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	Medium-term expenditure estimate	anditure
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Travel and subsistence	1 374	999	2 775	3 691	4 094	4 227	4 463
Training and development	ı	63	139	ı	ı	ı	ı
Operating payments	4	55	238	1	29	23	25
Venue and facilities	ı	88	957	1	1	1	1
Transfers and subsidies	•	•	-	32	•	•	•
Provinces: Vehicle licence	ı	1	_	_	1	1	1
SASSETA	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1
Households	ı	1	ı	31	1	ı	1
Purchase capital assets	278	135	383	333	350	371	392
Machinery and equipment incl vehicles	278	135	383	333	350	371	392
тота	11 563	13 195	24 349	24 430	28 114	30 218	32 310

PROGRAMME 4: CIVILIAN OVERSIGHT, MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Programme Purpose: Oversee, monitor and report on the performance of the South African Police Service.

Strategic Objective: Effective oversight monitoring and evaluation that contributes towards an accountable and transformed police service.

Sub-programme 4.1: Police Performance, Conduct and Compliance Monitoring

Sub-programme Purpose: Monitor the performance, conduct, compliance and transformation of the South African Police Service.

jectiv	c Objective: Effective oversight,	Strategic Plan	Audited/	lited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medi	um-term ta	gets
oring and evaluation lance and conduct	onitoring and evaluation to improve police ompliance and conduct	target	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	pertormance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
oversig	Number of oversight and compliance	164	1	585	74	~	33	37	36
		- 00 -	ı	0	- 7	- n	<u>)</u>	ò	``

Sub-programme performance indicators

		Audited/	Audited/actual Performance	ormance	Estimated	Medi	Medium-term targets	gets
Sub-pr	Sub-programme performance indicators	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
4.1.1	Number of oversight visits to police stations conducted per year	ı	585	4	20	22	24	26
4.1.2	Number of Police Station Service Delivery Trends Analyses Reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Revised indicator	ı	2	2	2	2	2
4.1.3	Number of SAPS Budget and Programme Performance Assessment Reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Revised indicator	ı	_	_	_	_	_
4.1.4	Number of Assessments Reports on Complaints Management approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	I	I	_	2	_	2	2
4.1.5	Number of reports on SAPS Implementation of IPID Recommendations approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	1	1	2	2	_	2	2
4.1.6	Number of Compliance Monitoring Reports on the implementation of the Domestic Violence Act (98) by SAPS approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
4.1.7	Number of reports on the implementation and compliance to legislation approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	1	ı	_	_	_	_	_
4.1.8	Number of Customer Satisfaction Survey Reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
4.1.9	Number of monitoring reports on police stations' implementation of the school safety protocol approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	1	1	1	New indicator	2	2	2

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for programme performance indicators

: ب		Reporting	Annual target	Means of		Quarterly targets	targets	
d-anc	sub-programme periormance mucacors	period	2017/18	verification	lst	2nd	3rd	4th
4.1.1	Number of oversight visits to police stations conducted per year	Biannually	22	Oversight reports	2	9	2	9
4.1.2	Number of Police Station Service Delivery Trends Analyses Reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Biannually	2	Reports	ı	_	1	_
4.1.3	Number of SAPS Budget and Programme Performance Assessment Reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Report	1	ı	1	_
4.1.4	Number of Assessments Reports on Complaints Management approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Assessment report on complaints	1	ı	_	ı
4.1.5	Number of reports on SAPS Implementation of IPID Recommendations approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Reports	ı	ı	_	1
4.1.6	Number of Compliance Monitoring Reports on the implementation of the Domestic Violence Act (98) by SAPS approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Biannually	2	Reports	_	1	_	1
4.1.7	Number of reports on the implementation and compliance to legislation approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Report	1	ı	1	_
4.1.8	Number of Customer Satisfaction Survey Reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Report	ı	ı	1	_
6.1.9	Number of monitoring reports on police stations' implementation of the school safety protocol approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Biannually	7	Report	1	_	ı	_

Sub-programme 4.2: Policy and Programme Evaluations

Sub-programme Purpose: Evaluate the effectiveness of programmes implemented by the South African Police Service.

Strateg	Strategic Objective: Evaluate the	Studentin Blos	Audited/	udited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Medit	ım-term target	rgets
effective program	effectiveness, efficiency and impact of programmes implemented by SAPS	target	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
4.2	Number of policy and programme evaluation reports	=	ı	ı	_	_	2	2	2

Sub-programme performance indicators

		Audited/	Audited/actual performance	ormance	Estimated	Mediu	Medium-term targets	rgets
	Sub-programme performance indicators	2013/2014	2014/15	2015/16	performance 2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
4.2.1	Number of evaluation reports on the relevance and effectiveness of oversight initiatives approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	Revised indicator	_	_	ı
4.2.2	Number of assessment reports on establishment and functionality of CSFs approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	Revised indicator	_	_	1
4.2.3	Number of assessment reports on establishment and functionality of CPFs approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	Revised indicator	_	1	l revision
4.2.4	Number of evaluation reports on Domestic Violence Act non-compliance, exploring causes and possible remedies approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	New indicator	2	1	revision

Quarterly targets for 2017/18

Quarterly targets for programme performance indicators

	-	Reporting	Annual target	Means of		Quarterly targets	/ targets	
ans-br	Sub-programme performance indicators	period	2017/18	verification	lst	2nd	3rd	4th
4.2.1	Number of evaluation reports on the relevance and effectiveness of oversight initiatives approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Evaluation report on oversight initiatives	1	1	_	ı
4.2.2	Number of assessment reports on establishment and functionality of CSFs approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Assessment report on CSFs	ı	ı	1	_
4.2.3	Number of assessment reports on establishment and functionality of CPFs approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Annually	_	Assessment report on CPFs	ı	ı	-	1
4.2.4	Number of evaluation reports on Domestic Violence Act non-compliance, exploring causes and possible remedies approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year	Biannually	2	Evaluation report on Domestic Violence Act compliance	ı	_	ı	_

Reconciling performance targets with the budget and MTEF

5. Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation							
Programme	Aud	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	Medium-term expenditure estimate	diture
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Police Performance, Conduct and Compliance	6 387	10 375	15 902	15 247	17 373	001 61	20 542
Policy and Programme Evaluations	1 913	3 346	3 109	4 761	5 073	5 339	5 633
Information Management	3 859	581	1 003	1 048	1 1 44	1 209	1 279
Total	12 159	14 302	20 014	21 056	23 590	25 648	27 454
Change to 2014/15 budget estimate	I	I	-	1	I	1	I
Economic classification	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Current payments	12 159	14 302	19 719	20 789	23 311	25 352	27 142
Compensation of employees	8 200	10 530	11 539	14 355	16 048	17 608	18 947
Goods and services	3 959	3 772	8 180	6 434	7 263	7 744	8 195
of which:							
Administrative fees	I	3	ı	ı	I	1	I
Advertising	1	150	157	13	4	15	91
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	ı	7	48	164	249	262	276
Audit costs	ı	1	384	1	ı	ı	ı
Bursaries: Employees	1	1	26	1	1	1	ı
Catering: Departmental activities	679	189	42	87	92	98	101
Communication (G&S)	158	218	296	479	572	643	629
Computer services	1219	ı	1 733	1821	698	1 977	2 088
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	I	454	1	392	412	436	460
Contractors	I	I	15	1	ı	1	I
Fleet services (including government)	I	I	24	I	I	ı	I
Inventory: Food and food supplies	I	ı	4	48	I	1	I
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas	ı	145	4	1	ı	1	ı
Inventory: Materials and supplies	I	I	I	79	36	1	I
Consumable supplies	I	I	15	29	33	35	38
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	6	34	165	16	96	103	109
Operating leases	I	I	134	1	I	1	1
Travel and subsistence	968	1 805	4 550	3 001	3 146	3 390	3 596
Training and development	ı	2	152	1	1	1	1

5. Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluation							
Programme	Auc	Audited outcomes	nes	Adjusted appropriation	Medium	Medium-term expenditure estimate	nditure
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Operating payments	48	46	203	158	165	175	185
Venues and facilities	1	216	861	112	579	613	647
Purchase capital assets	•	•	295	267	279	296	312
Machinery and equipment incl vehicles	'	ı	295	267	279	296	312
TOTAL	12 159	14 302	20 014	21 056	23 590	25 648	27 454







LINKS TO OTHER PLANS

PART C LINKS TO OTHER PLANS

I. LINKS TO THE LONG-TERM INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER CAPITAL PLANS

There is no link to long-term infrastructure and other capital plans

2. CONDITIONAL GRANTS

The CSPC receives no conditional grants

3. PUBLIC ENTITIES

The CSPS has no public entities

4. PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

The CSPS has no public-private partnerships





2017/18 TECHNICAL INDICATORS

PROGRAMME 2: INTERSECTORAL COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

Indicator title	Number of MoUs signed with stakeholders in order to build safer communities
Short definition	Bilateral or multilateral agreement between the department and its stakeholders indicating an intended common line of action in crime prevention
Purpose/importance	To outline an agreement between the department and its stakeholders to work in partnerships on crime prevention
Source/collection of data	Stakeholders
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Unavailability of stakeholders
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	MoU/MoA document
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of anti-crime campaigns conducted per year
Short definition	Promote collaboration among stakeholders on anti-crime campaigns
Purpose/importance	To improve and encourage partnerships with stakeholders on anti-crime campaigns
Source/collection of data	Provincial Secretariats, SAPS, Business Against Crime SA (BACSA), other national government departments' civil society and communities
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Cooperation of stakeholders, poor attendance of community members on campaigns
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Higher
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of CPF training programmes approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	Provision of a training programme towards improving the functioning and upskilling of CPFs
Purpose/importance	To provide capacity building and advocacy for community policing policy implementation and the effective functioning of CPFs and ensure standardised criteria for training CPFs
Source of data collection	Process owner: ICSP (what does this stand for?) unit and SASSETA, Wits, CPFs, Provincial Secretariats and civil society. Data is collected through training programmes implemented by provinces
Method of calculation	Count
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output (training manual)
Calculative type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	New indicator
Desired performance	Higher performance is desirable
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of izimbizos/public participation programmes held with communities to promote community safety
Short definition	Platform for dialogue on crime prevention initiatives between the community and the Ministry of Police
Purpose/importance	To encourage participation of communities in the implementation of policing policy
Source/collection of data	Community consultations and fact-finding. Complaints from the community and civil society formations
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Poor attendance of community members on campaigns and unavailability of other stakeholders
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Higher performance desired; six izimbizo held
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Total number of provinces implementing CPF guidelines
Short definition	This indicator refers to the report on how CPF guidelines are implemented by all nine provinces as part of encouraging community policing policy on crime prevention initiatives
Purpose/importance	To create uniformity on how community policing policy is implemented
Source/collection of data	Validated reports from Provincial Departments of Safety
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	The report is dependent on the timeous submission of inputs from Provincial Departments of Safety to the Secretary for Police Service
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Four reports
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of provincial capacity-building sessions held in provinces on crime prevention programmes
Short definition	The department's commitment towards capacity-building and technical support for both Provincial Departments of Safety and local stakeholders (multi-stakeholder approach) on crime prevention
Purpose/importance	To reflect and demonstrate the department's commitment towards contributing towards safety and security at local level and policy advocacy on the implementation of crime prevention programmes at local level
Source of data collection	Reports from stakeholders
Method of calculation	Count
Data limitations	Unavailability of stakeholders
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	New indicator
Desired performance	Higher performance is desirable
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of established CSFs
Short definition	Assess the extent of CSF establishment
Purpose/importance	Monitor and evaluate the number of established CSFs
Source/collection of data	Provincial Secretariats, Provincial DevCom, Justice, Crime Prevention and Safety (JCPS) cluster, CSF stakeholders, South African Local Government Association (SALGA)
Method of calculation	As per target indicator
Data limitations	Unavailability of reports, non-functional CSFs, lack of stakeholder participation
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Higher
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

PROGRAMME 3: POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

Indicator title	Number of policies on policing submitted to the Minister of Police for approval per year
Short definition	 Development of phase two of the policy framework on a Single Police Service, which encompasses streamlining norms and standards in terms of training, discipline, and command and control to improve relations between the MPS and SAPS, in consultation with relevant stakeholders to be approved by the Minister
	 A policy on CPFs aimed at strengthening the establishment and functioning of CPFs to be signed by the Minister of Police
	A policy framework on the establishment of a National Policing Board which seeks to professionalise SAPS, and to set out the criteria for the establishment, composition and functioning of a police board for recruitment, selection, appointment and promotion of police officers
Purpose/importance	To enhance synergy between SAPS and the MPS, improve community-police relations, and ensure the professionalisation of the police service
Source of data collection	SAPS, MPS, Provincial Secretariats, Transformation Task Team, SALGA, CPFs, IPID, JCPS cluster, Governance and Administration (G&A) cluster
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output (policies)
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	Revised indicator
Desired performance	Building a professional, integrated and collaborative police service that delivers high-quality services to all communities while maintaining high levels of ethical conduct
Indicator responsibility	Director: Policy Development

Indicator title	Number of research reports on policing approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	 A project conducted with the Provincial Secretariats to determine the extent of the demilitarisation of SAPS Division Visible Policing (VISPOL), by conducting research at police stations. This is a joint project with the Provincial Secretariats
	 Evidence-based research to assess the current State of Policing in SAPS to identify systemic challenges and good practices that must be addressed across all levels of the organisation to enhance service delivery
Purpose/importance	Evidence-based research to assess the current state of policing and demilitarisation of SAPS to make recommendations to enhance service delivery
Source of data collection	SAPS, Provincial Secretariats, civil society, Panel of Experts and Ministerial Transformation Task Team
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Non-cooperation from SAPS and Provincial Secretariats
Type of indicator	Output (research papers)
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	Revised indicator
Desired performance	To improve the professional standing of the police service by identifying and recommending best practice
Indicator responsibility	Director: Research

Sub-programme 3.2 Legislation

Indicator title	Number of Bills submitted to the Minister for approval per year
Short definition	The indicator seeks to obtain the approval and decision by the Minister to submit the following Bills to Parliament: Firearms Control Amendment Bill, Critical Infrastructure Protection Bill, IPID Amendment Bill, Animal Movement and Animal Produce Bill. These Bills seek to improve the legal framework to enhance effective policing
Purpose/importance	To submit the Bills to the Minister for approval and decision to proceed to Parliament
Source/collection of data	Research, consultations
Method of calculation	The sum of Bills developed
Data limitations	Inadequate research, inadequate consultation, Minister's or Cabinet directives
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	New
Desired performance	Higher
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

PROGRAMME 4: CIVILIAN OVERSIGHT MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Indicator title	Number of oversight visits to police stations conducted per year
Short definition	The indicator refers to the visits in police stations in order to exercise the civilian oversight function of the CSPS towards improving police performance and service delivery. Two oversight reports will be produced per year based on the data collected during the visits
Purpose/importance	The report aims to highlight the status of SAPS' implementation of recommendations made by the CSPS and Provincial Secretariats. The report provides the Secretary for Police Service with an opportunity to provide strategic advice to the Executive Authority (Minister of Police) on strategic interventions towards improved service delivery. Furthermore, the recommendations in the report will provide strategic advice on areas that require the development and review of policy, legislation and SAPS standards
Source/collection of data	Registers, forms, files and records from information technology (IT) systems (Efficiency Index System) at the police stations and data from the Census Report serve as sources of information. Data will be collected at the sampled police stations using the National Monitoring Recommendation Tool (NMRT) through observations, direct interview and perusal of the registers, files and records from the IT systems
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Data will be collected from a sample of police stations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Biannual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Two police station oversight reports
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of Police Station Service Delivery Trends Analyses Report approved by the Secretary for Police Service
Short definition	The indicator refers to a report produced to reflect compliance trends on the implementation of and compliance by SAPS with policy directives and instructions
Purpose/importance	The report aims to provide the Minister of Police with the status of compliance and service delivery trends on the implementation of policy, legislation and SAPS standards, eg National Instructions and Standing Orders. The report (especially findings and recommendations) will serve as input into the development and review of policy and legislation thus contributing to the CSPS's institutional value chain
Source/collection of data	Secondary data will be sourced from the Consolidated Provincial National Monitoring Tool (NMT) Reports and excel spreadsheets submitted by Provincial Secretariats to the CSPS. The reports from Provincial Secretariats are compiled using data collected by conducting quality assessments at their respective police stations using the NMT. The data collected through the NMT/DVAT (what does this stand for ??) Census and associated report will also be used to inform the approach to exercising the oversight role on the SAPS The CSPS circulates a roster with due dates for the submission of the quarterly Consolidated Provincial NMT Reports and Consolidated Provincial NMT spreadsheet. A communiqué is sent to the Provincial Secretariats a week before the due date reminding them to submit the required NMT-related reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count

Indicator title	Number of Police Station Service Delivery Trends Analyses Report approved by the Secretary for Police Service
Data limitations	Gaps on the provincial NMT excel spreadsheet due to high level of non-responses Lack of adequate data quality control at the provincial level Lack of data quality assurance at CSPS on the data received from Provincial Secretariats
	Skewed representation in terms of the number of police stations visited per province (no utilisation of a scientific sampling method)
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Two Police Station Service Delivery Trends Analyses Reports
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of SAPS Budget and Programme Performance Assessment Reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service
Short definition	This indicator refers to a report that gives an account of how SAPS utilises the allocated budget pertaining to government and Minister's priorities; and how SAPS is achieving the planned performance targets in line with the Annual Performance Plan
Purpose/importance	This report provides analysis on the utilisation of the budget and performance of SAPS with reference to the policy priorities of the Minister of Police and the policing function in general. Furthermore, the indicator provides the CSPS an opportunity to reflect on the developments related to compliance with policy directives and instructions
Source/collection of data	Secondary data from SAPS will be used to compile the reports, eg Monthly Expenditure Reports (MERs), Quarterly Performance Reports (QPRs) and Annual Report (AR) from SAPS.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	The use of secondary data already approved by the Minister of Police Service, eg MERs, QPRs and AR of SAPS
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	One SAPS Budget and Programme Performance Assessment Report
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of reports on SAPS' implementation of IPID recommendations approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	This indicator seeks to measure the extent of implementation of IPID recommendations by SAPS. The data for this indicator covers a period of six months per reporting period
Purpose/importance	The implementation of recommendations shows that something is done to effect change in the transformation or professionalisation of SAPS. This indicator serves as a response to the provisions of the Civilian Secretariat for Police Act and to assess the extent of the consolidation democracy in SA
Source/collection of data	A list of recommendations will be tabled by IPID to the Secretary for Police Service and SAPS
Method of calculation	An agreed-upon recommendations from IPID
Data limitations	M&E will depend on the effective communication and access to documents between IPID and SAPS
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Biannual
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	One report on the implementation of IPID recommendations for the year 2017/18 and two biannual reports from the year 2018/19 onwards
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of assessment reports on complaints management approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	This indicator is meant to give an analysis of the service delivery complaints that have been received by the CSPS. The data for this indicator covers a period of six months per reporting period
Purpose/importance	This indicator assists CSPS in gathering insight on the service delivery challenges faced by the public and SAPS. It, therefore, gives an indication on the views of the public on the state of affairs in fighting crime and how SAPS is responding to such challenges
Source/collection of data	Complaints are received from various sources, they are then analysed and consolidated into a report
Method of calculation	Each assessment report on complaints management will be counted as one
Data limitations	The lack of a reliable and secured database will compromise the quality of the report
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Biannual
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	One assessment report on complaints management for the year 2017/18 and two biannual reports from the year 2018/19 onwards
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of Compliance Monitoring Reports on the implementation of the Domestic Violence Act (98) by SAPS approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	The indicator refers to the biannual reports produced focusing on the status of Domestic Violence Act implementation, level of compliance and management of non-compliance by SAPS
Purpose/importance	To report to Parliament on the level of SAPS' compliance and non-compliance with the Domestic Violence Act as per statutory requirement and to make recommendations for improved compliance
Source/collection of data	Domestic Violence Act audit tool, SAPS progress reports and civil society reports
Method of calculation	Each report is counted once
Data limitations	Non-adherence to reporting timeframes. Non-submission of data (excel database) and data inaccuracies
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Biannual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Two reports will give a clear indication of SAPS' level of compliance. Improved compliance and implementation are desired
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of reports on the implementation and compliance to legislation approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	Report produced through assessing how SAPS is complying with and implementing a particular legislation that is aligned to national priorities and the MTSF cycle
Purpose/importance	To provide the status of implementation of various legislation by SAPS in order to identify contribution towards Outcome 3 and make recommendations for improved implementation. The relevant legislation will be Prevention and Combatting of Trafficking in Persons Act 7 of 2013
Source/collection of data	Monitoring and evaluation tools, SAPS internal policies and implementation plans, SAPS reports, reports from other government institutions and non-governmental stakeholders
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Inaccuracy of data captured, lack of access to SAPS information
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	One report will indicate the level of compliance and implementation of relevant legislation
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of customer satisfaction survey reports approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	This indicator is meant to assess the level of customer satisfaction in services that are rendered by SAPS
Purpose/importance	To ascertain citizen satisfaction on service rendered so as to improve the police service and to determine possible policy intervention strategies to improve police conduct, compliance and performance
Source/collection of data	Complainants database from SAPS will be used as the main basis for collecting data
Method of calculation	Each customer satisfaction survey report will be counted as one
Data limitations	Access to complainants and SAPS databases is critical for the success of this survey
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Good satisfaction in police services means the country is getting closer to attaining its outcome on fighting crime and on promoting professionalism, human dignity, accountability and community participation
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of monitoring reports on police stations' implementation of the school safety protocol approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	Reports produced through assessing how SAPS is implementing the school safety programme at local level
Purpose/importance	To provide information on SAPS role in promotion of safety in schools
Source/collection of data	SAPS reports and Partnerships Protocol between SAPS and Department of Basic Education, School Safety Committees (SSCs), School Governing Bodies (SGBs)
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Unavailability of reports
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Two reports per year
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of evaluation reports on the relevance and effectiveness of oversight initiatives approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year
Short definition	The indicator refers to evaluation of relevance and effectiveness of oversight activities undertaken by the CSPS and Provincial Secretariats. The evaluation will be done in two phases, with the first phase done by Civilian Oversight, Monitoring and Evaluating (COM&E) focus on oversight work done by other units and Provincial Secretariats. The second phase will be done by a third party focusing on the oversight work done by OM&E
Purpose/importance	To determine whether oversight activities undertaken by the CSPS and Provincial Secretariats are yielding the desired outcome; identifying opportunities and challenges. Detailing causes of challenges, their consequences and how they can be addressed
Source/collection of data	Interviews, questionnaires and analysis of documents developed by SAPS, the CSPS and Provincial Secretariats.
Method of calculation	Simple count (number of evaluation reports)
Data limitations	Data gaps due to non-response to some questions by respondents
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Evaluation reports submitted timeously reporting on levels of effectiveness of oversight initiatives
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of assessment reports on establishment and functionality of CSFs approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year.
Short definition	The indicator refers to the number of reports produced based on assessment of establishment and functionality of CSFs across provinces
Purpose/importance	To determine the number of legitimately established CSFs, determine the number of those that are fully functional and outline remedial interventions. The report will also reveal if the CSF policy is likely to deliver intended outcomes
Source/collection of data	Questionnaires, interviews and document analysis at municipalities, Provincial Secretariats and the CSPS
Method of calculation	Simple count (number of evaluation reports)
Data limitations	Lack of availability of relevant information, lack of access to data at municipalities
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Assessment report submitted on time, determining if established CSFs are functioning as expected
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager

Indicator title	Number of assessment reports on establishment and functionality of CPFs approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year.			
Short definition	The indicator refers to assessment reports produced based on assessment of establishment and functionality of CPFs across provinces			
Purpose/importance	To determine the number of legitimately established CPFs, determine how many are fully functional; identify successes and challenges, and recommend corrective measures			
Source/collection of data	Data to be collected through questionnaires, interviews and document analysis at SAPS, the CSPS and Provincial Secretariats			
Method of calculation	Simple count (number of evaluation reports)			
Data limitations	Lack of availability of relevant data, lack of access to information from SAPS			
Type of indicator	Output			
Calculation type	Non-cumulative			
Reporting cycle	Annual			
New indicator	No			
Desired performance	Assessment report submitted on time, reporting on established CPFs and their functioning			
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager			

Indicator title	Number of evaluation reports on Domestic Violence Act non- compliance, exploring causes and possible remedies approved by the Secretary for Police Service per year.			
Short definition	To determine reasons behind Domestic Violence Act non-compliance levels by SAPS at national, provincial, cluster and police station level. The evaluation will determine factors leading or contributing to rising levels of non-compliance			
Purpose/importance	To identify causes to increased levels of Domestic Violence Act non-compliance by the SAPS and recommend corrective measures. Implementation of recommended remedies by SAPS should translate into improved compliance levels			
Source/collection of data	Interviews, questionnaires, document analysis and observation at SAPS offices (national, provincial, cluster, police station and training institutions).			
Method of calculation	Simple count (no of evaluation reports)			
Data limitations	Lack of cooperation from SAPS, lack of access to relevant information from SAPS			
Type of indicator	Outcome			
Calculation type	Non-cumulative			
Reporting cycle	Biannual			
New indicator	Yes			
Desired performance	Submit evaluation report timeously to improve Domestic Violence Act compliance levels			
Indicator responsibility	Programme Manager			

NOTES

NOTES

